The National Republican.

BLAINE RECEIVED.

AN EXPHUSIASTIC RECEPTION TO THE NEXT PRESIDENT IN PORTLAND.

His Public Services Recognized by the Business Men of That City-Mr. Blaine's Reply-More Presidential Candidates to Appear-Naminations for Congress-

PORTLAND, ME., Aug. 5.—The reception to Mr. Blaine by the business men of this city at the city hall to-night was a brilliant one. The hall was packed, the seats being removed and the audience standing, while the galleries were filled with ladies. Mr. Blaine held a re-ception in the mayor's office. At 8 o'clock he was conducted to the platform, leaning upon was conducted to the pintorn, leading upon the arm of Congressman Reed, being received with great cheering. Mr. Reed, in a happy speech, presented the business men of Pott-land to Mr. Blaine, saying joculary, that if he attempted to present them individually it would soon be apparent that Mr. Blaine was merchants, then read an address to Mr. Blatte, which was signed by over three hundred business men and firms of the city. The address, after expressing gratification that a citizen of Maine had deen made the recipient of the presidential nomination says: "Aithough we have not all been able to agree with you upon political questions, we have all had confidence in your integrity as a man and your purity and ability as a statesman; and we are united in the conviction that should the people of the United States ratify the choice of your political associates you will give the country an administration unrivalled in its wise solicitude and practical measures for the promotion of all our national interests, and for its painstaking care for the purification and perfection of all departments of the public service."

its painstaking care for the purification and perfection of all departments of the public service."

Mr. Blaine replied as follows:

"Fellow-Citizens—I do not know how to express my sense of the great honor you pay me in the most cordial reception, all the more grateful because not tendered in a partisan spirit and for partisan sdvantages. For the business of Portland I have, from personal knowledge, alwas entertained a profound respect. In no community has a higher standard of mercantile honor been maintained, a more taintless commercial credit, than in your beautiful city. The prosperity that you enjoy is the legitimate fruit of comprehensive intelligence, industry, and courageous enterprise.

"Though never a citizen of Portland, I was a resident among you for nearly three years, beginning in 1857 and ending in 1859. During that time I was editor of the Daily Adsertiser, and was in constant intercourse with the business and professional men of the city. I recall a no more piersant period, and in a wide sense a no more profitable period in my life. A quarter of a century has since elapsed marked with events of world-wide importance, but the flight of years has not dimmed my appreciation of the friendships I then formed, nor of the great kindness I received in Portland. Were I to recall the long list of eminent men of both parties, now no more, whom I was then permitted to number among my friends time would fail me, and this large assemblage, called for friendly greeting of the living, would be turned to eulogy of this acting generation. None higher could be given than that they are worthy to succeed the Fessendens, the Shepleys, the Browns, the Littles, and that great host of able and upright more whose names and whose careers are the true glory of Portland."

Introductions to Mr. Blaine followed, many gentlemen being introduced. Introductions to Mr. Blaine followed, many utlemen being introduced.

New Jersey Republicans.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 6.—The republican state convention was called to order at 12:20 p. m. by G. A. Hobart, who nominated L. R. Fangborn, of Jersey City, for chalrman, and he was chosen without opposition. He made a speech reviewing the history of the republican party and charging free trade principles upon the democracy. At the close of President Pangborn's speech E. J. Anderson, Sylvester Lytle, and Wm. Watkins, jr., were elected eccretaries. It was resolved that all resolutions be referred without debate.

This afternoon the convention nominated the following electoral ticket: First district, Albert Merriti; second, Israel S. Adams; third, Simon Van Wecker, fourth Lewis H. Taylor; fifth, Henry L. Butler; sixth, Gardner R. Colby; seventh. Thomas Potter; electors-at-large, John Taylor and T. A. Potts.

After the nominations, ex-flow. Oglesby, of Ilinois, spoke for an hour on the tariff and labor questions.

Resolutions were passed condemning free trade and upholding the protective theory of the republican party, and concluding as follows:

"With full faith and confidence in the

lows:
"With full faith and confidence in the character, capacity, and patriotism of James G. Blaine, with a warm appreciation of his eminent public services and pride in the ability which, in the judgment of all parties and the whole country, have proved him in the front rank of American statesmanship, we beledge ourselves to use every honorable effort

Gen. Butler Will Stand.

explanatory:

Boston, Aug. 6, 1884—Hon, Charilles A, Dana, Editor New York Sun, New York City—Dear Net: As a means of reaching more querists than I can do in any other way, I write you this note for such use as you choose to make of it. Answer—I do intend to stand by the nonalizations of the greenback and laboring men and the anti-monopolists, and I hope everybody will vote for me who thinks that it is the best thing to do. I will give the reasons for my action, which are controlling, to the public as soon as I can have the benefit of Mr. Cleveland's letter of acceptance, so that where I disagree with him I may do him no injustice. Very truly, your friend and servant,

BESSJAMIN F. BUTLER.

anti-monopoly committee:

Heanquartens of the National Anti-Monopoly Committee, Chicaso, Ang. 7.—Dear Sir: Under instructions from the convention of May 14, it becomes the duty of the national committee to select a candidate for the vice presidency of the United States. For this purpose and for the transaction of other important unsiness, the members of said committee are hereby notified to meet at headquarters, in the Briggs Honse, Chicago, at 11 a. m. Saturday, Aug. 16, 1884. You are earnestly urged to be present.

B. G. Shirkeny, secretary.

Expenses of the Republican Convention. Cucaso, Aug. 6.—Samuel B. Raymon chairman, and Wm. K. Sullivan, secretary the local committee of arrangements for the republican national convention, report the the total amount collected for the purpose we E5,764, of which \$13.21 was expended, lea-ing a dividend of 47 per cent. to the subscri-

At Republican Headquarters. New York, Aug. 6.—Gen. Logan is still a the Fifth Avenue hotel. He received a number of callers to-day, among them John J O'Brien and Bernard Biglin. The genera again visited the national republican committee rooms, and said to a reporter that he would go to West Point on Friday.

One Hundred and Fifty Ballots and No Nomination.

ELETON, Mo., Ang. 6.—The democratic con-gressional convention for the second Maryland district not here to-day. After about 196 bal-lots, without result, the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

Nominated for Congress.

Nominated for Congress.

Cambridge, Md., Aug. 6.—The democratic congressional convention for the first Maryland district this evening nominated Charles E. Gibson, of Talbot, the candidate for congress. RITTANNING, ABSSTRONG COUNTY, PA., Aug. 6.—I. D. Patton was to-day nominated for congress by the democratic-greenback convention on the forty-seventh ballet.

Carm, B.L., Aug. 6.—The democrate of the inteteenth district to-day renominated it. W. Townshend for congress.

Alexanders, Va. Aug. 6.—Hon. John S. Barbour was to-day unanimously renominated for congress by the cighth congressional district democratic convention.

Traing Harty, Iya, Aug. 6.—John E. Lamb was unanimously renominated to congress by

was meanimously renominated to congress by the eighth district democratic convention at Rockville to-day.

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 6.—Dr. Wm. H. Cole Was to-day monimized as the democratic can-didate for the third district of Maryland.

How. John V. L. Findlay was monimized in the fourth district for congress without opposi-tion.

HOCKVILLE, MD., Aug. 6.—The democratic convention of the sixth district to-day nomi-nated Fred. J. Nelson, of Frederick, for con-

at the executive chamber. This created a perfect fever of excitement, many delegates constraing it as an insult to them, and an attempt to curry political favor. After a heated discussion the convention took a recost, with the motion to accept the invitation and an amendment declaring the acceptance without political significance still pending. After the adjournment about half of the body called on the governor.

THE AMERICAN ALLIANCE. Convention Called to Nominate a Presiden and Vice President.

Boston, Aug. 6.—The national executive committee of the American Political Alliance in secret session here yesterday ordered all the councils in the United States to make nomina-tions for president and vice president of the United States. The nominations will be for-United States. The nominations will be for-warded to the state councils, where they will be audited, and will then be submitted to the national council, which will hold a conven-tion with open doors on Sept. 5 and announce their candidates. The following call be issued

their candidates. The following call be issued to-morrow;
NATONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ROOMS, BOSTON, MASS., AUR. 5, 1881; American Political Alliance, sound the slarm? Americans to rule America? Hing the belivon every village green in the land! Down with the attempt to cleet a president of the United States by aid of a concentrated foreign or naturalized vote! It becomes necessary when foreigners organize political bodies composed of naturalized voters purely for the American voters, without distinction of party, to vote on for president and vice president of the United States at the coming election; therefore, the "national council" of the "American Political Allance" hereby direct all councils of the order to assemble at their respective headquarters and by ballot, as provided by the constitution of the order, select candidates for president and vice president of the United States, and report such selection to the national executive committee of the grand council on or before Sept. 5, 1884. State councils are requested to organize their respective states and report to the national executive committee of the grand council will be granted free of expense to white and colored American council" in every town and village in the country. Charters for new councils will be granted free of expense to white and colored American voters upon application for the same, signed by five persons and addressed to the chairman of the National Executive American alliance, Boston, Mass.

W. L. ELISWORTH, chairman.

Columbia Democratic Club. Columbia Democratic Club.

The Columbia Democratic club met last night at the Metropolitan hotel, Mr. A. A. Wilson presiding and Mr. L. Gardner secretary. A number of new members were elected and the applications of fifteen others were received and hald over under the rules until the next meeting. A letter was received from the Central club extending an invitation to take part in the ratification meeting Sept. II. which was accepted. An appropriation was made to aid the central committee in the expenses of the ratification.

The Congressional Committee on Ordnance, New York, Aug. 6.—The senate committee n ordnance, consisting of Joseph R. Hawley, hairman, John F. Miller, Neison W. Aldrich, chairman, John F. Miller, Noison W. Aldrich, John T. Morgan, and M. C. Butler, all of whom were present, met at the Fifth Avenue hotel this morning jointly with the house committee, which was represented by Messrs. Pholps, Hisoock, and Randall, the other five being absent. The session was a private one, but it was said that several witnesses gave testimony.

The committee was in session for three hours discussing and making inquiries concerning the manufacture of steel and steel works in general. A number of communications were read from various steel manufactories, viz: Cambria iron works, of Johnstown, Pa.; Briar IIII works, of Youngstown, Ohio; Pennsylvania Steel company, of Steeltown, Pa.; Briar IIII works, of Youngstown, Ohio; Pennsylvania Steel company, of Steeltown, Pa.; West Point foundry, of Cold Springs, N. V.; the Tredegar from works, of Richmond, Va., and others. A letter was read from W. F. Durfee, of Bridgeport, Conn., on steel.

Important Meeting of Bricklayers. Important Meeting of Bricklayers.

New York, Aug. Aug. 5.—An important meeting was held by the bricklayers at American hall this morning. The pickets employed by the strikers ascertained that the master masons were employing boys from the "School of Art," Sixty-eighth street and First avenue, and that they were being paid \$1,20 per day. Delegates from the Carpet Workers, Framers', and Horseshoers' unions called and enriched the treasury of the strikers by some \$500. The th treasury of the strikers by some Seill. The framers amounced that they would not put a beam on a building where "scab" bricklayers were employed. A monster plenic is to be held by the strikers at Concy island to-morrow, at which John Swinton, Louis Post, and others will speak in behalf of the laboring men.

West Union, W. Va., Aug. 6.—Big Bill Kinney, who has been on trial here during the past week for the murder of an old man and his daughter named Boyle, in April, 1883, was to-day found guilty of murder in the first degree, and sentence was given of imprisonment for life, as recommended by the Jury. This is second trial. His accompliee in the mirder was his nephew, who is designated as Little Bill Kinney. Little Bill was found guilty on the first trial and sentenced to seventeen years in the penicentiary. The murder was most brutal and cold-blooded, and was committed to obtain a large amount of money which Doyle was supposed to have.

St. Louis, Aug. 6.—A passenger train on the Kansas and Texas division of the Missouri Paclife road encountered a broken rail near Whitesborough, Texas, at 3 o'clock this morn-ing, and the entire train was thrown from the track. McMahon, the express messenger, was fatally injured, and several passengers were slightly hurt. No details have yet been re-ceived.

Robbed White Bathing.

and some railroad tickets. He gave his valuables to the bathing master, and left his check in the bathing house from which it was taken by a third to whom Mr. Bear's property was delivered.

delivered.

A Folding Machine Injunction.
Cincago, Aug. 6.—Judge Blodgett in the
United States district court to-day in the case
of R. Hoe & Co., vs. Knappand others, decided

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Aug. 6.—The county solicitor in charge of the prosecutions for col-lection of unpaid taxes under the Scott law

A Music Teacher's Suicide. New Butswitck, N. J., Aug. 6.—Prof. James Garland, 60 years of ego, a prominent music eacher here, committed suicide this morning. Ile attempted suicide once before about eight years ago.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTERS.

—The race for the Goelet cup was postponed until to-day on account of the fog outside.

—The Quebec delegates to the Irish national league convention to be held at Beston on Tuesday next leave for the Hub to-morrow. The North Boundagen (Vt.) Boot and shoe company's factory was burned yesterday with most of its contents. The loss is not yet stated. The listrance is \$1,90.

Hears have become such a unbance in the meganite districts in tauda that the minicipal authorities have offered to pay \$5 per capita for their destruction.

Insulted by Cleveland.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6.—The proceedings of in a party of fifty children to Montrose, Pal., and another party of twenty-live to spring Valley and to remain for two weeks. Parties of children as announcement by thus presiding officer that is announcement by thus presiding officer that are governor had invited the body to visit him.

Official Order as to the Disposition of the dition.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6 -- A general order from the headquarters, division of the Atlantic, Gevernor's Island, New York harbor, Aug. 4, 1884, regarding the disposal of the bodies of the dead of the Greely expedition, provides that the wishes of the friends of the deceased members of the Arctic expedition under Lieut Greely hereinatter named having been ascertained, the remains will be sent to their destination by express by the chief quartermaster of the division, or in the care of persons designated in accordance with their wishes, as follows: First Lieut James B. Lockwood, Ed Infantry, to Annapolis, Md.; consigned to Lieut. B. G. Peck, U. S. N., acting for Gen. H. H. Lockwood, the father of the deceased. Second Lieut. Frederick F. Kislingbury, 1th Infantry, to Rochester, N. V.; consigned to Mr. George D. Forsyth, attorney for Administrator J. P. Kislingbury.

rgt. Dayld C. Ralston, signal corps, U. S o Howard, Knox county, Ohio, consigned Sergt. David C. Ralston, signal corps, U. S. A., to Howard, Knox county, Ohlo, consigned of Mr. L. W. Ralston.
Sergt. David Linn, troop C. 2d cavalry to "hiladelphia, Pa., consigned to Mr. Robert Lownesson, undertaker, No. 29 South Eigheenth street, at request of Mr. C. C. Linn, of No. 1904 Lombard street, Philadelphia, brother if disceases.

of deceased.
Sorpt. Wm. Cross, general service, U. S. A. consigned to Mrs. Mary Cross, No. 324 Second street southeast, Washington D. C. Corporal Joseph Ellison, company E. 10th infantry, to Pottsville, Pa., consigned to Mr. James B. Rellly, acting for the brother of the deceased. Private William Whistler, company F. 3th infantry, to Delphi, Ind., consigned to Capt. Lewis Gross, acting for the father of the deceased. Private William A. Ellis, troop C. do davalry, to Clyde, Wayne county, N. X., consigned to Mrs. Mary I. Ellis, mother of the deceased.

ensed.

No request for other dispositions having seen received from friends or relatives the sodies of the following named deceased memoris of the expedition will on the 2th instant se interred with due honors in the Cypress Hills national cemetery, in accordance with the orders of the secretary of war: Private Roderick R. Schneider, battery A, 1st ar-illery.

REVIEW AT GETTYSBURG.

Secretary Lincoln and Gen. Sheridan Inspect

the Pennsylvania Militia. GETTYSBURG, PA., Aug. 6.—Gen. Sheridan and Scoretary Lincoln arrived here at an early sour this morning. After resting they were driven to the encampment of the Pennsylvania National Guard, escorted by Adjt. Gen. Worth they were welcomed by a salute from the artillers and were received by the camp dignizaries. Shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon Gen. Hartranft and Secretary Lincoln, with Gen. Sheridan and staff, inspected the entire line of 8,000 troops in camp here, after which the line passed in review, taking an hour to pass. Col. Black, of the United States army, who was detailed by the war department to visit the camp, highly complimented the appearance and movements of the militia, and Gen. Sheridan pronounced it the finest review seen since the disbanding of the army of the Potomac. The camp was brilliantly fluminated to-night by electric lights, and concerts were given at each of the brigade headquarters.

The Civil Service Association.

Newvort, R. I., Aug. 6.—The fourth annual meeting of the National Civil Service association was held to-day at Chauming Memorial church. Among those present were Orlando R. Fotter, Jacob Miller, R. R. Bowker, of Newyork Rev. C. F. Dale, of Boston, J. N. Bonaparte, of Baltimore; Edmand Tweedy, of Newport, W. A. Arken, of Norwhels Supt. Hillgarde, of the United States coast survey; George E. Waring, jr., and key-C. W. Wendte, of Newport, At. 11:39 o'clock Mr. George William Curtis arose and addressed the audience, who listened with rapt attention and only interrupted by enthusiastic applause.

At the close of Mr. Curtis's address in the Channing Memorial church, this city, to-day, the Civil-Service Reform association repared to the Channing parlors for a business inceting, President Cartis presiding. Reports as to the progress of the work of civil-service reform in various states were made, and resolutions of congratulation were adopted, as well as those pledging the efforts of the league to secure the repeal of acts fixing the term of many federal officers, and appointing Messrs. Everett P. Wheeler and Fred W. Whittredge the counsel for the New York association of this league, together with any other counsel, with whom they may associate with themselves to examine into the truth of current numers as to alleged violations of law by federal officers in acting as members of committees by whose authority contributions for political purposes are solicited from other federal employer, with power, if they shall find such rumors well founded, to take such action on behalf of the league as they may deen proper for the vindication of the law.

the law.

No Wonder He Committed Suicide.

New Yorks, Aug. 6.—Some startling disclosures were made to-day in Wall street regarding the affairs of the late J. Ogden Watherspoon, the broker of 45 William street, who committed suicide on June 25 last. It is said that on March 25 last he purchased from the Queen Insurance company a bill of exchange for St. 50,000. On the following day he returned and said that a customer for whom he purchased the bill desired to convert it into two bills, for 22,000 and 24,000 respectively. This the company agreed to do, and the 50,000 bill was delivered up by Watherspoon, with the signature torn off, showing that it had been duly canceled. It has lately been discovered that the bill returned was forged, and that the original bill had been hypothecated for \$15,000 with a banking house in Wall street, which will be the leser in the transaction. It is also said that the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking corporation a few days before Watherspoon's death gave him a bill of exchange for \$25,000 to sell for them, and that he never accounted for the proceeds. Mr. Watherspoon was well known in financial circles, and these disclosures formed the topic of widespread comment to-day in Wall street.

A Steamer Lost.

Hatifax, N. S., Aug. 6.—The steamer American Cont. Lussas from Amsterdam for

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 6.—The steamer Am-sterdam, Capt. Lucas, from Amsterdam for New York, was lost on Sable island Wednes day night last, July 30. Three men, two of whom were passengers, and one woman were drowned. Intelligence of the diasster was received here to-night by the arrival of the government steamer Newfield, which arrived here to-night from Sable island with 139 passengers and members of the crew of the steamer Amsterdam which was wrecked last Wednesslay night on a sand bar fifteen miles distant from that island, while on a passenge from Amsterdam for New York. The only officer who came up from the wreck by the Newfield was the thied male, Capt. Lucas, of the ill-inted ship and the remainder of the officer staying at the scene of the wreck.

Evidently Somethlug Wrong.

Philadelly Simethlug Wrong. day night last, July 30. Three men, two of

Evidently Samething Wrong.
Philadelith, Aug. 6.—Chartes Rouse, alias
Travers, and Mary Robinson, aged 16 years, of
Baltimore, who had registered at a hotel here
as 6. 8. bavill and wife, were arrested this aftermora by request of the marshal of police of
Baltimore. It is charged that Rouse had abducted the girl, and was also guilty of obtaining \$100 by false pretentes from a man in Baltimore. Rouse, it is said, is married and has
a wife and children in Waynesville, Ohio. The
girl said she left home because she was treated
budly, and Rouse said he supposed he had a
diverse. They were committed to await the
netion of the Baltimore authorities.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., Aug. 6.—The remains of Lieut, Lockwood, who perished in the Greely expedition, will be brought here for burial on Friday or saurday. The funeral services will be field at St. St. Anne's Protestant Episcopal church, and the interment will take place in the cemetery, where the family has a vanit. Licut Lockwood has two sisters, whose hus-bands are in the navy, residing here.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Thomas Barlow and and Thomas Sinaw, who escaped from the Trenton, N. J., fall on Tuesday, were arreaded by the police here to-day while attempting to callet at a recruiting agency.

SHEMANDOME, PA., Aug. 6.—A Polauder named isusyun was instantly killed and Frank waters, a studie man, family injured at Indian Ridge celliery this morning by a fall of rock.

Lieut, Greely's Home Reception, NEWNUNYCORT, Mass., Aug. 6.—Maj. John-son received a telegram from Lieut, Greely to-

FROM OVER THE SEA A RUMOR THAT THE CHOLERA HAS BROKEN

OUT IN ENGLAND. Admiral Courbet Ordered to Open Fire in China-Conference of the German and Austrian Emperors-Revising the French Con-

stitution-General Foreign News Notes. LONDON, Aug. 6.-An outbreak of English cholera has occurred at Northampton, owing to a scarcity of water. An entire family has

mitted, 3; cured, 5; deaths, 2; under treatment, 50. The town has assumed a more animated Toulon, Aug. 6.—The records of the hospi-lals to-day are as follows: Bon Rencontre— Admitted, none; cured, 1; deaths, 2; under treatment, 2l. St. Mandrier—Admitted, 4;

cured 10; deaths, 1; under treatment, 70.
Rouz, Aug. 6.—It is officially declared that the sanitary condition of the country is everywhere improved. No fresh case of cholera has appeared at Pancalieri. One case is re-ported near Montenotte. It is of a person who ported near Montenotte. It is of a person who-name from France.

ST. PETERSSURG, Aug. 6.—The Journal de St.
PETERSSURG, Aug. 6.—The Sectorary and a superior of any other epidemic in Russia.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The Sector says the govern-ment has determined to demand the suppres-sion of the quarantine along the Italian frontier. If Italy refuses to grant this demand, reprisals are threatened.

France on the Conference. Paris, aug. 6.—Prime Minister Ferry has addressed a formal note to Lord Lyons, British ambassador to France, in which he declares that England continues to be bound by the protocol of disinterestedness signed at the Constantinople conference, and that she must again consult the powers in the event of any change in the financial arrangements of Egypt.

again consult the powers in the event of any change in the financial arrangements of Egypt.

The Republique Francoise, referring to the action of Germany in the Eyptian conference, regrets the blindness of the English government to the meaning of the bitter words and hostile attitude of Count Von Munster. The paper says: "The intentions of Prince Bismarck are surely no mystery to Mr. Giadstone, Prince Bismarck would delight to see France, beguine the Bismarck would delight to see France, beguine conflict win England. France, strong in her imperishable rights, strong in the support of Europe, would not permit the slightest injury to the interests of the national creditors of Egypt."

Conference of the Emperors.

ner will be given this evening as the imperes-yilla.

VIENNA, Aug. 6.—The newspaners express great gratification at the recent meeting of Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph. The Premdeubint says: "Aithough the meeting had no great significance, it was not an act of more courtesy, but an indication of the devel-opment of the two empires, which the alli-ance, based upon upon mutual convictions, has so greatly promoted. No serious anxiety need now be entertained for the stability of the friendly relations between the two states."

The French in Madagascar. The French in Madagascar.

London, Aug. 6.—One-half of the French troops that have reached Madagascar from Tonquin have been sent to Majunga and will form a second army. It will march from Majunga to the capital.

The native premier is disposed to make peace, but he fears that he will lose his head.

The French are suffering much from dyentery and fever. The Times publishes a dispatch from Madagascar of July 25, which reports as follows: "The French are displaying the greatest activity in drawing mules from Reunion by requisition.

Gen. Arthoughbey is at Larafatte with 10,000 Hovas, who are mainly relying on their fortification and torpedo pits. Measures have been taken to retire if necessary to Ambosi, twenty miles inland."

Revising the Frence Constitution.

Pants, Aug. 6.—At Versallies to-day the committee of the congress of the two houses of parliament, to which all proposed amendments to the constitution were referred, accepted M. Andrienx's amendment declaring that all monarchical protenders were ineligible to the presidency. The committee acted in this matter in accord with Prime Minister Ferrer.

this matter in accord want violent interrup-Ferry.

M. Gerville Reache, amid violent interrup-tions from the extreme left, read the commit-tee's report on the bill for the revision of the constitution. The bill will be discussed to-morrow. During the sixting MM. Clemenceau and Laguerre asked whether gens d'armes would be employed to tear them from the tri-bune.

An Interesting Phoree Trial.

London, Ang. 6.—The trial of the action for divorce brought by Mrs. Emma Tyars against her husband, Frank: Tyars, both members of the Lycenum theater company, was begun to-day. The defendant testified that he had intercepted a letter from his wife to Mr. Haviland, another member of the company, while the company were in Boston. He thereupon went to Mr. Haviland's dressing room, where he assaulted and disfigured him. The judge questioned flaviland, and the latter admitted that improprieties had taken place between himself and the plaintiff, who declared that there was a conspiracy to deprive her of her child.

War With China. Panis, Aug. 6.—The Figure states that Admiral Courbet has been ordered to bombard the Foo Chow arsenal to-morrow unless the garrison surrenders.

A Herse Rallroad on Broadway.

New York, Aug. 6.—The board of alder-men met to-day and by a vote of 21 to 1 de-clared to permit the construction of a surface milroad to be operated by horse power on Broadway. Three members were absent. Some curious rumors are affoat concerning the means by which this nearly unanimous vote was brought about. The cable railway com-pany made a stiff fight against it, but were beaten.

pany mane a set of the party of the party.

While this action was being taken a select commission, appointed to inquire into and report on the advisability of constructing any railroad on Broadway, was taking testimony in the supreme court, the witnesses being real estate owners and experts. A conflict in the courts over this whole question is not improbable.

Pittsaune, Pa., Aug. 8.—This aftermoon Alex. Merriman, a photographer, went to the residence of Mrs. John Rodd, in Arch street, Allegheny, and asked to see her son in-law, Benjamin Moore, a prominent young business man. Merriman was shown into the parlor,

She is owned by the American heard of missioners for foreign missions. She i pecked to be ready for sea by Sept. 10.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Gov. Cleveland leaves Albany to-morrow afternoon at 19

lace of destination on Friday. His traveling outpanion will be Dr. R. Ward, of this city. The governor sates that all the rumors con-cruing his letter of acceptance are without sundation.

FIRE AT THE CAPITOL.

Stack of Papers in a Small Vault Becomes About 5 o'clock yesterday morning the coman on duty at the capitol detected

liceman on duty at the capitol detected a strong smell of smoke. An investigation was made of the house wing, and finally it was located in the elerk's office on the left side of the building. The door was broken in, and the men were nearly stifled by the smell of burning paint, but very little smoke was visible. To the right of the clerk's office is a small wall, which runs beneath the floor, of the room. The men observed that the door, a heavy wooden one, was very hot, and the paint was cracking. The door was burst open, and a volume of fames rolled out. After much labor the fames rever extinguished, and the inside of the vanit, which is lined with stone, was red hot. The fames came from a sack of paper in one of the corners. The papers were a diplicate record of bills, and were of no particular value. The origin of the fire is unknown. There was no gas lighted in the vanit, which is the only about four feet square. The papers were packed very tightly in the vanit, and it is thought that the lire originated from spontaneous combination. There were only live men in the building, and had the fire been in any other portion the men would have had hard work in suppressing it.

The Reseastein Case.

The secretary of the treasury has received a telegram from Henderson Bros., agents of the Auchor line, saying that his instruction to withhold clearance to steamship Devonia is seriously affecting her freight arrangements. The secretary yesterday telegraphed to the collector of customs at New York as follows: "Henderson Bros. offer to give bond that Rosenstein shall not become public charge. Submit offer to commissioners of emigration and if satisfactory clear Devonia on regular trip." He also notified the commissions of emigration by telegraph of this action, saying that if they accept Henderson's offer to Devonia will be allowed to clear. The secretary has also addressed a letter to the collector of customs its regard to this case, in which he says: "You will inform Messis. Henderson Bros. that while the department desires an amicable adjustment of the matters in dispute it will sanction to arrangement that is not satisfactory to the commissioners of emigration at your port."

Prof. Odium Cat.

Prof. R. E. Odium was cut in the abdomen
last night by a man named John Cohen while last night by a man named John Cohen while attempting to eject the latter from Driver's garden for an alleged insult to some ladies. Odlum, who acts as floor manager at the garden, after being wounded called upon a police officer to arrest Cohen, but, as the officer did not see his conduct to the ladies and was not informed of the assault on Odlum, he refuted to arrest Cohen without a warrant, and upon Odlum assaulting the latter in his presence, put him under arrest instead. Cohen meanwhile escaped, and Odlum only revealed his condition when taken to the station. Then Dr. Markriter was called in and dressed the wound, which, while serious, he did not consider necessarily dangerous. Mr. Odlum was roleased.

New York, Aug. 6.—The New York, Ontario and Western Railway company has obtained an injunction from Judge Bartlet restraining the Western Union from any interference with an injunction from Judge Bartlett restraining the Western Union from any interference with the wires owned by the railway company along the line of its road until further order of the court. In 1876 the receiver of the Oswego Midiand Railroad company made an agreement with the Western Union by which the wires along the line of the Oswego company were to be operated by the Western Union. The number of wires then in possession of the receiver and specified in the agreement was three. Subsequently the New York, Ontario and Western company purchased all the property of the Midland under forcelosure.

The agreement with the Western Union being continued. This agreement terminated The company claim is based upon the fact that the wire in question was put up previous to 1878 by the Atlantic and Pacific Relegacy of the Atlantic and Pacific, and as that company had been consolidated with the Western Union, the fiftle to the wire passed to the latter company. Judge Blatchford decided this polist in favor of the railroad company provious to 1878, deciding that the Western Union, the fiftle to the wire passed to the latter company. Judge Blatchford decided this polist in favor of the railroad company provious to 1878, deciding that the Western Union contract.

After this contract was executed, the Western Union Telegraph company claimed to be the owner of one of the wires, and demanded that the railway company should either allow them the test of the wire and demanded that the railway company should either allow them the test of the wire and demanded that the railway company should either allow them the test of the wire of pay them a large sum of money, and threatched if their forms were not conceded to tear down the wire a note. Hence the injunction. The wires were introded over to the Ballimore and Ohio Telegraph company to-day.

More English Abuse of Mr. Blaine. LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Right Hon. John Bright, M. P., has written a letter in which he says: America, France, Germany, and Russia,

SEA BRIEZE, N. J., Aug. 6.—Joseph Richmond, a fisherman, and an unknown man were drowned here yesterday. They were en-

HAVANA, Aug. 6.—The custom house per-mitted, from the 1st instant, the payment of all export duties, halfin gold and half in bank

all export duties, haifin gold and haif in bank bills at their nominal value. It now claims that the official dispatch of July 29, from Madrid, refurs only to super duties, and from yesterday all export duties, except on sugar, will be collected in gold.

Difficulty Between Salconkeepers.

Baltimone, Aug. 6.—A difficulty occurred this afternoon between Harry Brooks and Geo. Gamble, both salcoukeepers, when Brooks shot Gamble three times. One hall entered his left breast, one his arm, and the third his hip. The physician proteinness the wounds serious. Brooks was arcested.

PALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 6.—A fire to-night on the fifth floor of the dry goods and notions house of Painter, Tonguo & Co., at Hanover and German streets, damaged the stock \$10,000, it is fully insured. The cause of the fire is un-known.

Killed His Father-in-Law.

Sedalia, Mo., Aug. 6.—At Holden James Ashby, an Insane man, yesterday shot and finally wounded W. T. Hess, his father-in-law and guardian, who, with the aid of the city marshal, was trying to secure Ashby to take him to an asylum.

The Tug Warwick Raised.

Fortness Monnos, Va., Aug. 6.—The Baker Salvage company to-day raised the tug
Warwick, which was sunk in a collision with
the torpedo rate Alarm two weeks ago. The
Warwick will be taken to Norfolk for repairs.

CABLE CATCHES.

The peace conference in session passed a assumtion yesterday favoring the neutraliza-tion of Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Rou-mania. Eight of the Turkish mutineers at Asslout vers sentenced to death. Two were shot at

A mob hooted the clericals and tiberals in Brusse's yesterday as they were leaving the chamter of deputies. The police repeatedly dispersed the mob and made several arrests. Owing to ill health indused by overwork, Mr. George O. Trevelyan, chief secretary for Ireland, is not likely to be present in the house or commons during the rest of the present section.

SPORTING VARIETY.

THE VISITORS BEAT THE HOME BOYS IN THE CONSOLATION GAME.

Comfortable Sum Realized for Members of the Disbanded Club-The Baltimore and National Game To-Day-Mumford's Queer Behavior-Fighting Men-Bacing.

The same, for the benefit of the Washinston players was very prettily played and drew a fair attendance, but not so large as a game arwas realized for the beneficiaries. Umpirs Sullivan donneds uniform and played with the Home Boys, his efforts at the bat and in the field eliciting plentiful applause. While the iming and, helped out by an error of Yewell, gave the visitors their three rins and the game. Humas and Gerard both played splendly behind the bat, and Mullin's left field play was a model exhibition. The work of Powell at third and Ryan at short was very fine. Harr, Vess, Olin, Fulmer, Joy, and Prince also deserve mention for their fielding. Baker and Barr led at the bat. The score follows:

Pittsburg—Brooklyn, 6; Allegheny, 0, Philadelphia—Beston, 4; Philadelphia, 1, coton Union, 3; Keyston, 4 New York—New York, 2; Providence, 1.

race-Mile and several second, Black rd. Time, 1519; a race-One mile and five furions, hardles. Guy won, Glenarm second, third. Time, 3:109; French pools paid \$8.20.
At Brighton Beach yesterday in the first race, seven rutiones. Hazard wen, Marsh kedon second, and Edsen third. Time, 19324.
Second race—the mile. hen Westley won, Carrie Stewart second, and Tony Foster third. Time, 12042. Mutuels paid \$105.
Third race—the and one fourth miles. Wave of high won, Blue Four second, and Ton Martin third. Time, 117.
Fourth rece—three-quarters of a mile. Will Fourth rece—three-quarters of a mile.

They say that it is necessary that all applies tions be filed a sufficient time prior to the data set for examinations to admit of their examination by the commission, and of the notifies tion of applicants if their applications has been found in proper, shape of the date upowhich to present themselves for examination

AMONG THE FIGHTERS.

Pugilists of Washington and Elsewhere-Merrine Thompson and Sullivan.

There has not been much doing among the ecal sparors in the past two mouths, and very Ittle fight talk has been indulged in. Stevens who fought a draw with "Reddy" White in Alexandria last spring, and afterward sparred three short rounds at the Comique, has cullete d in the army. Allen Crown, the colored mid-

Alexandria last spring, and afterward sparred three short rounds at the Comique, has entitled in the army. Allen Crown, the colored middle weight, who promised so well, is sick with malaria fover. Sam Johnson, the colored light weight, who made such a fine showing arainst Jhany Kelly, of New York, and affect ward such a poor showing with George Philips, is anxious to try conclusions again with any man in the defret of not more than 120 pounds weight. Johnson before his defeat by Colly, was a very game man, and a man to whip him and to do it fight quick, as kelly, itself as a good man at 10 pounds, but it has pounds weight. Johnson before his defeat by Kelly, was a very game man, and a man to whip him and to do it fight quick, as kelly itself as a good man at 10 pounds, but it has never been as good since. Philips is a good man at 10 pounds, but it has never been a good since. Philips is a good man at 10 pounds, but it has reversed a wish to see Dan Toumey spar in public.

Several years ago thore was some talk of Ned Donnelly and Frof. Collins coming together. It never amounted to anything but talk. The general impression is that boundly is considerably the better man, though, to get anywhere near condition, he would have to pull off some thirty pounds of adipose tissue.

The best man physically that Washington has ever turned out is Mervine Thouspson. It is not generally known that Thouspson is a Washington boy, but such is the case, and his mother shill lives in the southeastern section of the city. Thompson is a man of huge frame and muscles and has a very dark complexion, and it is said has mulatto blood in his velns. When Matsado, the Japanese wrestler, was here a representative of This Rurimicoal asked limit that question. Although Matsado can speak very little English he understands quickly, and at once answered, "Yes, singree likes me." There is more currously here to see Thompson perhaps, that any other boxer now before the public. Whether Dancan Ross thinks Thompson the lith was not before in public, w

THE PRESIDENT VS. PAYNE. Another Proclamation Prohibiting the Inva-

slou of the Ohlshoma Lands.

President Arthur has issued an order directing the secretary of warto employ the military forces in the removal of intruders from the In-dian territory. In obedience to this the licu-tenant general has directed, by telegraph, the commanding general division of the Missouri to remove from the Indian territory all persona

Liability of Bidders for Carrying Mails.

The first comptroller of the treasury has given an opinion on a question involving the lability of a bidder for carrying the United

PROVIDENCE, R. L., Aug. 6.—Frank E. Enlilps, formerly employed by the Builders' fron factory as bookkenber, has been arrested in a charge of emberating \$12,000.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS.

The concert at the capitol grounds yesterday afternoon was largely attended, and some excition times was rendered.

Bishop Peterkin, of West Virginia, will administer the apostolic rite of confirmation at Grace P. E. clurch, Georgetown, to night at 8 o'clock to a number of converts.

D. I. Kenna and Henry Thomason two was

o clock to a number of converts.

D. J. Keenan and Henry Thomason, two men living near Tennallytown, were pathfully injured by being thrown from a wagon on the canal road last night. Medical relief was extended to them in Georgetown.

The Equitable Co-operative Building association held its fifty-eighth monthly meeting last night at Marini's hall, George W. Harkmess, president pro tempore, in the chair, and John Joy Edson, secretary. After payment of dues \$24,000 was advanced to the shareholders at an average promium of 70 per cent.

The Weather.

COX AND HIS CRITIC.

COISY MILK CANS COMPARED WITH CRURBLING WALLS AS NUISANCES,

Supersensitive Owners of Unsafe Buildings-Owners of Shaky Structures Becoming Alarmed-Unsafe Rouses Condemned,

"Judge Cox is a nice sort of a man to my
that I should not be allowed to carry on a
takiness which both the health officer and inspector of buildings declared safe, sin't he?"
The speaker was Mr. Frank K. Ward, the Alderney dury man, who was eatching the
progress of his new building.

"Why," asked the Repullican reporter so
addressed, "what is the matter with Judge
Cox ?"

well known to the owners, and that they should be held responsible, and call upon the district atterney to presecute? And wasn't in the woot that drove me out of the substantial and clean building that I had put up on I hard street?

ness not one of my many employes have even died naturally. So much for Judge Cox and Alderney?

"I was deaf right in my fight, too," added the man of milk. "The supreme court of Petinylivania decided a precisely similar case in favor of the noisy business, that of Elverson, the great publisher, a wesk after my defeat. The judge held to the same line of a regiment in his opinion that my counsel did, that, in a city a man could not expect the quiet of a suburban readence."

The fall of the United States hotel and the resultant verdiet has caused the owners of other old buildings in the district to investigate their condition. Expectally has this been the case in the block where the canstropho happened, where no less than two buildings have been found in a dangerously defective, condition. Much complaint is made about the method by which the Washington houses is being remodelled, one of the walls being said to have builed baddy since the repairs were begun. Several of the liner walls have been taken out and much excavation made about the foundations.

The bricks from the fallen building have been sold to a Mr. Mansfield, who yesterday commenced the work of removal. Mr. Belding has apparently shandoned the idea of remaining in the old portion of the botel and carrying on business there pending the repairs, as he had his effects removel yesterday. It is, indeed, said that the whole building is to be taken down and rebuilt, but nothing will probably be done in the matter until Judge Cox can be heard from.

Since Monday the inspector of buildings has received numerous petitions to examine buildings to be taken down and rebuilt, but nothing will probably be done in the matter until Judge Cox can be heard from.

Since Monday the inspector of buildings has received numerous petitions to examine buildings doemed unsafe. He and his assistants have been busy in examining those unit. Since were inspected yesterday, on the probably he done in the matter until Judge Cox can be heard from.

Since Monday the paper of the dispers

A DEAL IN STAMPS. It Leads to the Arrest of a Treasury Employe

for Larceny. Detective Block yesterday afternoon arrested Detective Block yesterday afternoon arrested a youing man in the treasury department named W. T. Colley, a laborer in the burean of internal revenue, for abstracting and selling forty treasury official postage stamps of the face value of 10 cents each. Colley, after rittle talk, admitted taking the stamps, but stated that he had found them in a waste paper basket. He charmed that no law was violated because all the official stamps were abolished out July 1 by law, and therefore were of no after be, had Jorgotten all about them, a boy whom he knew, and who does not bear a very good reputation, maned Frank. W. Gray asked him for some money to pay for mending his shoes. Colley thought of the samps and gave them to the boy, telting him it no got enough out of them to pay for the shoes to take what was necessary and he would meet him at a certain time at certain corner and got the balance if there was any. Colley declares that he had not only the samps and the balance if there was any. Colley declares that he had not only the samps and separate the had ance if there was any. Colley declares that he had not only the samps of the balance if there was any. And the samps to some for anything except as a curiosities to some fold book or old sham dealer, and supposed he had done so until informed yesterday flux they shad been sold at the Palais Eoyal for postage stamps. Colley admits that he met the boy and took some mency from him, but he deer not know how much. Afterward the boy was sent to the workhouse for some petty oftense, and is there still. Colley bisks that he has too much sense to risk his reputation and his place for a low dollars.

His story agrees with that of the detectives, except that the latter says that he went with the boy who sold \$2 worth of the stamps at the Palais Royal and \$2 worth at Henning's and they immediately divided the money. The discovery was made when the proprietor of the Palais Royal self a box of goods with those stamps on to the postofile. They were traced to tray, who "gave away" Colley.

The latter was locked up at the fifth precinct station yesterday afternoon, but was afterward released on bail.

Han's Name to a Check, Escapes.

Private W. W. Hill, of the signal corps, escaped from the guard house at Fort Myer, caped from the guard none a row syer, where he was confined for forgery. Thesetay night. Hill was confined for forgery an investigation of a forgery of the name of Mr. James B. Lambie, a hardware morohaut. It appears that Mr. Limbie was absent from the city Sunday and his mail was taken to the Kvarabuilding. When he sent for it none could be found. On Monday Hill called Mr. Lambie's store, and told the bookbeeper that its had purchased a cheek from seiscred man for sky 70, payable to and indersed by Mr. Lambie. When the cheek was produced by Mr. Lambie. When the cheek was produced by Mr. Lambie, when handwriting, but it it sated that the same handwriting, but it it sated that the colored man from whom he had purchased the cheek had told him that he had gut Mr. Lambie to sight both banies, as the colored man could not write. The cheek was scauline, and had probably been stolet. Hill was looked up Monday night and securing a good chance Tuesday night easigned. He is well known in this city, having been at different a politowasm and a derk in a newspaper office, and chloyed a very unsavory reputation.

It was stated yesterday that the daughter of a Capitol hill attorney had accompanied him, but she was seen at the capitol yeaderlay.

The politic havefind heard of Hill since his disappoarance. He leaves a wife and three children behind him.

third. Time, 25736.

Civil Service Examination.

The civil service examination.

The civil service commissioners desire to correct a misapprehension which apparently exists as to the time in which applications for examination of places on the staff of special examination for places on the staff of special examination for places on the staff of special examination for places on the staff of special examination of the pension office may be filed.

The Weather, accept in the extreme north county weather was very successful, and a handsome increase resulted therefrom to the revenues of \$1. John's church society. There were a score of knights contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown the contesting for the right-to crown the contesting for the right-to crown the queen of love and beauty and several of the contesting for the right-to crown th